TOWN OF FAIRVIEW, NORTH CAROLINA FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year Ended June 30, 2024



J. B. WATSON & Co., P.L.L.C.

Certified Public Accountants

TOWN OF FAIRVIEW, NORTH CAROLINA LOCAL GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS June 30, 2024

Town Council

Gary Wilfong, Mayor

John Biggers, Mayor Pro Tem

Patricia Kindley

David Link

Kerry Price

Administrative and Financial Staff

Darrell Baucom, Finance Officer

Teresa Gregorius, Town Clerk

Ed Humphries, Deputy Clerk/Land Use Administrator

TOWN OF FAIRVIEW, NORTH CAROLINA TABLE OF CONTENTS June 30, 2024

	Exhibit	Page
FINANCIAL SECTION		
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT		
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS		i
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:		
Government-Wide Financial Statements:		
Statement of Net Position	1	1
Statement of Activities	2	2
Fund Financial Statements:		
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	3-1	3
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position	3-2	4
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	4-1	5
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	4-2	6
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - General Fund	5	7
Notes to the Financial Statements		8
INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES:		
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - General Fund	A-1	19
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual:		
ARPA Grant Project Fund	B-1	22
Town Park Update Capital Project Fund	B-2	23
Park and Town Hall Improvements Capital Project Fund	B-3	24

TOWN OF FAIRVIEW, NORTH CAROLINA TABLE OF CONTENTS (Continued) June 30, 2024

	Exhibit	<u>Page</u>
OTHER SCHEDULES		
Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable	C-1	25
Analysis of Current Tax Levy - Town-wide Levy	C-2	26
COMPLIANCE SECTION		
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>		27
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards		29

FINANCIAL SECTION

J. B. WATSON & CO., P.L.L.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

120 SOUTH RUTHERFORD STREET
P. O. BOX 341
WADESBORO, N.C. 28170

JAMES F. HANNA, CPA DENEAL H. BENNETT, CPA J. DAVID BURNS, CPA TELEPHONE (704) 694-5174 FACSIMILE (704) 694-6970

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council Town of Fairview, North Carolina

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Town of Fairview, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Town of Fairview, North Carolina's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of Town of Fairview, North Carolina, as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Town of Fairview, North Carolina, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Town of Fairview, North Carolina's ability to continue as a going concern for the twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that
 are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of Town of Fairview, North Carolina's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Town of Fairview, North Carolina's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that Management's Discussion and Analysis (on pages i through ix) be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Town of Fairview, North Carolina's basic financial statements. The individual fund statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules, as well as the accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal and State awards are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information

has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the individual fund statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules, and the schedule of expenditures of federal and State awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated October 31, 2024, on our consideration of Town of Fairview, North Carolina's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Town of Fairview, North Carolina's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Town of Fairview, North Carolina's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Wadesboro, North Carolina October 31, 2024

Buckson & B. PUC

As management of Town of Fairview, North Carolina, we offer readers of Town of Fairview's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of Town of Fairview for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the Town's financial statements, which follow this narrative.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of Town of Fairview exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the fiscal year by \$2,557,042 (net position).
- The government's total net position increased by \$247,261.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, Town of Fairview's governmental funds reported ending fund balance of \$1,072,499, an increase of \$217,752 in comparison with the prior year mainly due to a \$250,000 State grant for park and Town hall improvements. Approximately 40 percent of this total amount, or \$434,883, is nonspendable, restricted, or committed.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$588,060, or 166.3 percent, of total General Fund expenditures for the fiscal year.
- Town of Fairview incurred \$600,000 of long-term debt during fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, for the purchase of land adjacent to the park. Annual debt service payments began on this debt in January 2020.
- The Town has received \$267,197 of American Rescue Plan funds which it has used for revenue replacement by supplanting salaries.
- The Town received State Capital Infrastructure Fund monies of \$250,000 in 2021-2022 which it is using to upgrade the Town Park.
- The Town received another State Capital Infrastructure Fund grant of \$250,000 in 2023-2024 which it is using for park and Town hall improvements.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to Town of Fairview's basic financial statements. The Town's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements (see Figure 1). The basic financial statements present two different views of the Town through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of Town of Fairview.

Figure 1 Management's Basic Financial Discussion and Analysis Statements Notes to the Government-wide Fund Financial Financial Financial Statements Statements Statements Detail Summary

Required Components of Annual Financial Report

Basic Financial Statements

The first two statements (Exhibits 1 and 2) in the basic financial statements are the **Government-wide Financial Statements**. They provide both short and long-term information about Town of Fairview's financial status.

The next statements (Exhibits 3-1 through 5) are **Fund Financial Statements**. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the Town's government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements. There are two parts to the Fund Financial Statements: 1) the governmental funds statements and 2) the budgetary comparison statement.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the **notes**. The notes to the financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements. After the notes, **supplemental information** is provided to show details about the Town's individual funds. Budgetary information required by the North Carolina General Statutes also can be found in this part of the statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the Town's finances, similar in format to a financial statement of a private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short and long-term information about the Town's financial status as a whole.

The two government-wide statements report the Town's net position and how it has changed. Net position is the difference between the Town's total assets and deferred outflows of resources and total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Measuring net position is one way to gauge the Town's financial condition.

The government-wide statements are shown as one category: Governmental activities. The governmental activities include the Town's basic services of general administration, public safety, environmental protection, economic and physical development, and culture and recreation. Property taxes and State revenues finance most of these activities, while a government grant financed a large portion of the culture and recreation expenditures.

The government-wide financial statements are Exhibits 1 and 2 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements (see Figure 1) provide a more detailed look at the Town's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Town of Fairview, like all other governmental entities in North Carolina, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or non-compliance) with finance-related legal requirements, such as the General Statutes or the Town's budget ordinance. The funds of Town of Fairview are shown in one category: governmental funds.

Governmental Funds – Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. All of the Town's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow in and out, and what monies are left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual accounting* which provides a short-term spending focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps him or her determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the Town's programs. The relationship between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements.

Town of Fairview adopts an annual budget for its General Fund, as required by the General Statutes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the citizens of the Town, the management of the Town, and the decisions of the Council about which services to provide and how to pay for them. It also authorizes the Town to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current period activities. The budgetary statement provided for the General Fund demonstrates how well the Town complied with the budget ordinance and whether or not the Town succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was adopted.

The budgetary comparison statement uses the budgetary basis of accounting and is presented using the same format, language, and classifications as the legal budget document. The statement shows four columns: 1) the original budget as adopted by the Board; 2) the final budget as amended by the Board; 3) the actual resources, charges to appropriations, and ending balances in the General Fund; and 4) the difference or variance between the final budget and the actual resources and charges.

Notes to the Financial Statements – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements are on pages 8-18 of this report.

Interdependence with Other Entities: The Town depends on financial resources flowing from, or associated with, both the federal government and the State of North Carolina. Because of this dependency, the Town is subject to changes in specific flows of intergovernmental revenues based on modifications to federal and State laws and federal and State appropriations.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

TOWN OF FAIRVIEW NET POSITION FIGURE 2

	Governmental Activities					
	2024	2023				
Current and other assets	\$ 1,096,357	\$ 907,621				
Capital assets, net	1,890,228	1,902,251				
Total assets	2,986,585	2,809,872				
Current and other liabilities	29,516	60,072				
Long-term liabilities outstanding:						
Due within one year	40,000	40,000				
Due after one year	360,000	400,000				
Deferred inflows of resources	27	19				
Total liabilities and deferred inflows						
ofresources	429,543	500,091				
Net position:						
Net investment in capital assets	1,490,228	1,462,251				
Restricted	405,066	242,344				
Unrestricted	661,748	605,186				
Total net position	\$ 2,557,042	\$ 2,309,781				

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as one useful indicator of a government's financial condition. The assets and deferred outflows of resources of Town of Fairview exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$2,557,042 as of June 30, 2024. The Town's net position increased by \$247,261 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. \$1,490,228 or 58.3% reflects the Town's net investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, machinery, and equipment) less any related debt still outstanding that was issued to acquire those items. Town of Fairview uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. An additional portion of Town of Fairview's net position \$405,066 or 15.8% represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of \$661,748 or 25.9% is unrestricted.

Several particular aspects of Town of Fairview's financial operations positively influenced the total unrestricted net position:

- Ad valorem taxes were higher due to property revaluation in 2021-2022.
- Revenue was recognized from ARPA revenue replacement funds.

TOWN OF FAIRVIEW CHANGES IN NET POSITION FIGURE 3

	Governmental					
_	Activities					
	2	2024		2023		
Revenues						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$	17,350	\$	33,193		
Operating grants and contributions		25,357		116,003		
Capital grants and contributions		270,182		6,520		
General revenues:						
Property taxes		136,571		130,235		
Other taxes and licenses		204,645		202,050		
Grants and contributions not restricted		-		-		
Investment earnings, unrestricted		5,550		5,398		
Miscellaneous, unrestricted		_	_	38,249		
Total revenues		659,655		531,648		
Expenses						
Program expenses:						
General government		178,628		155,007		
Economic and physical development		57,480	55,971			
Environmental protection		8,000	8,000			
Culture and recreation		151,899		152,804		
Interest on long-term debt		16,387		17,946		
Total expenses		412,394		389,728		
Change in net position		247,261		141,920		
Not nogition Tuly 1	2	,309,781		2,167,861		
Net position, July 1		,507,761	_	2,107,001		
Net position, June 30	\$ 2	2,557,042	\$	2,309,781		

Governmental activities: Governmental activities increased the Town's net position by \$247,261. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

- Increase in property taxes due to property revaluation in 2021-2022.
- Receipt and subsequent expenditure of American Rescue Plan funds and State Capital Infrastructure funds.

Financial Analysis of the Town's Funds

As noted earlier, Town of Fairview uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds: The focus of Town of Fairview's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing Town of Fairview's financing requirements.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of Town of Fairview. At the end of the current fiscal year, Town of Fairview's fund balance available in the General Fund was \$664,317 while total fund balance reached \$709,014. The Town currently has an available fund balance of 187.9 percent of General Fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 200.5 percent of the same amount.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights: During the fiscal year, the Town revised the budget. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of three categories: 1) amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget ordinance once exact information is available; 2) amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as federal and State grants; and 3) increases in appropriations that become necessary to maintain services. Town of Fairview did not make any major budget amendments.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets: Town of Fairview's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2024, totals \$1,890,228 (net of accumulated depreciation). These assets include buildings, land, improvements, office equipment, and park equipment.

Major capital asset transactions during the year include the following:

- Town hall improvements of \$11,642
- Walking trail completed of \$58,325
- Purchase of a rugged terrain vehicle for the park of \$20,100
- Park construction in progress totaling \$9,160
- Depreciation of capital assets for governmental activities in the amount of \$111,250

TOWN OF FAIRVIEW CAPITAL ASSETS (net of depreciation) FIGURE 4

		Governmental					
	Activities						
		2024		2023			
Land	\$	744,435	\$	744,435			
Construction in progress		42,615		33,455			
Land improvements		62,115		5,255			
Buildings and improvements		965,286		1,043,960			
Office furniture and equipment		-		58			
Park equipment		75,777	_	75,088			
	\$	1,890,228	\$	1,902,251			

Additional information on the Town's capital assets can be found in Note 2 of the Basic Financial Statements.

Long-term Debt: Town of Fairview had no bonded debt as of June 30, 2024.

TOWN OF FAIRVIEW Outstanding Debt FIGURE 5

	Government	tal Activities
	2024	2023
Direct borrowing installment purchase	\$400,000	\$440,000

Town of Fairview's Outstanding Debt

Town of Fairview's total debt decreased by \$40,000 during the past fiscal year due to scheduled annual debt service payments.

North Carolina general statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt that a unit of government can issue to 8 percent of the total assessed value of taxable property located within the government's boundaries. The legal debt margin for Town of Fairview is \$53,262,811. The Town has no bonds authorized but un-issued at June 30, 2024.

Additional information regarding Town of Fairview's long-term debt can be found in Note 2 of the Basic Financial Statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The following key economic indicators reflect the growth and prosperity of the Town.

- The Town expects steady revenue growth in the future due to improving economic conditions.
- Property tax rate for 2024-2025 will remain at \$.02/\$100 of valuation.

Budget Highlights for the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2025

Governmental Activities: The Town's expenditures will be increased in 2024-2025 as we expect additional costs related to park and office expenses for maintaining and servicing the park and Town hall properties.

Requests for Information

This report is designed to provide an overview of the Town's finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to Town Budget and Finance Officer, Darrell Baucom, 7516 Concord Hwy, Monroe, North Carolina, 28110. One can also call (704)-753-1981, visit our website www.fairviewnc.gov, or send an email to tgregorius@fairviewnc.gov.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

TOWN OF FAIRVIEW, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2024

ASSETS	Governmental Activities
CURRENT ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 686,124
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	360,718
Taxes receivable	1,572
Accounts receivable	1,410
Accrued interest receivable on taxes	479
Due from other governments	42,938
Prepaid expenditures	3,116
TOTAL CURRENT	Γ ASSETS 1,096,357
CAPITAL ASSETS	
Land and other nondepreciable assets	787,050
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	1,103,178
TOTAL CAPITAL	L ASSETS 1,890,228
TOTAL	L ASSETS 2,986,585
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	12,016
Accrued interest payable	7,736
Due to other governments	8,314
Deposits	1,450
Long-term liabilities:	
Due within one year	40,000
Due in more than one year	360,000
TOTAL LIA	BILITIES 429,516
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Prepaid taxes	27
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	1,490,228
Restricted for:	1,150,220
Stabilization by State statute	41,581
Capital projects	363,485
Unrestricted	661,748
TOTAL NET F	POSITION \$ 2,557,042

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

TOWN OF FAIRVIEW, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Exhibit 2

For	the	Year	Ended	June	30, 2024

Functions/Programs	_ <u>F</u>	expenses		P arges for ervices	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position Governmental Activities			
Governmental activities:								
General government	\$	178,628	\$	_	\$	9,557	\$ -	\$ (169,071)
Economic and physical development		57,480		17,350		9,438	_	(30,692)
Environmental protection		8,000		-		-	-	(8,000)
Culture and recreation		151,899		-		6,362	270,182	124,645
Interest on long-term debt		16,387		-		_		(16,387)
Total governmental activities	_	412,394		17,350		25,357	270,182	(99,505)
		neral reven axes:						
	1	axes. Property ta	vec 1	evied for a	rener	al nurnoses		136,571
		Other taxes			Schol	ar purpose.	•	204,645
	Ir	vestment e			5,550			
					346,766			
						Change i	n net position	247,261
	Net	position, l	egin	ning				2,309,781
						Net po	sition, ending	\$ 2,557,042

TOWN OF FAIRVIEW, NORTH CAROLINA BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2024

	Major Funds									
		General Fund		ARPA Grant Project Fund		own Park Update Capital oject Fund	Park and Town Hall Improvements Capital I Project Fund		Go	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	686,124	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	686,124
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		-		-		142,544		218,174		360,718
Taxes receivable		1,572		-		-		-		1,572
Accounts receivable		-		-		-		1,410		1,410
Due from other governments		41,581		-		-		1,357		42,938
Prepaid expenditures		3,116	_			-	_			3,116
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	732,393	\$	_	\$	142,544	\$	220,941	\$_	1,095,878
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	12,016	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	12,016
Due to other governments	Ψ	8,314	Ψ	-	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	4	8,314
Deposits		1,450		_				_		1,450
Doposius	-	1,750					_			1,100
TOTAL LIABILITIES		21,780	_		_		_		_	21,780
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCE	ES									
Property taxes receivable		1,572		_				-		1,572
Prepaid taxes		27		_		-		-		27
•	_				_					
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF										
RESOURCES	_	1,599	_	-	_		_		_	1,599
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable:										
Prepaid expenditures Restricted:		3,116		-		-		-		3,116
Stabilization by State statute		41,581				_				41,581
Capital projects		41,501		_		142,544		220,941		363,485
Committed:						142,544		220,741		505,105
Park		26,701						_		26,701
Assigned:		20,701		_		7		-		20,701
Subsequent year's expenditures		49,556								49,556
Unassigned				-		-		-		588,060
Ollassigned	_	588,060	-		_		_			366,000
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		709,014	_			142,544	_	220,941	_	1,072,499
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	\$	732,393	\$	_	\$	142,544	\$	220,941	\$	1,095,878
	-	,,,,,	=		-		-		-	, ,

TOWN OF FAIRVIEW, NORTH CAROLINA RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2024

Exhibit 3-2

Fund balances - Total governmental funds (Exhibit 3-1)	\$	1,072,499
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit 1) are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		1,890,228
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are inflows of resources in the funds. Accrued interest receivable on taxes		479
Earned revenues considered deferred inflows of resources in fund statements.		1,572
Some liabilities used in governmental activities are not financial uses		
and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Installment purchases payable		(400,000)
Accrued interest payable	_	(7,736)
Net position of governmental activities (Exhibit 1)	<u>\$</u>	2,557,042

TOWN OF FAIRVIEW, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Major Funds											
					1		F	Park and				
					Т	own Park	Т	own Hall				
			AR	PA Grant		Update		rovements		Total		
		General		Project		Capital		Capital	Go	vernmental		
		Fund		Fund		ject Fund		ject Fund		Funds		
REVENUES												
Ad valorem taxes	\$	135,812	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	135,812		
Unrestricted intergovernmental		204,645		-		-		-		204,645		
Restricted intergovernmental		-		21,185		_		250,000		271,185		
Permits and fees		17,350		-		-		_		17,350		
Sales and services		20,182		_		-		-		20,182		
Investment earnings		4,299		36		1,014		201		5,550		
Miscellaneous		4,172		-		-		-		4,172		
TOTAL REVENUES		386,460		21,221		1,014		250,201		658,896		
EXPENDITURES												
Current:										151 000		
General government		171,088		-		-		-		171,088		
Economic and physical development		57,480		-		-		-		57,480		
Environmental protection		8,000		-		-		-		8,000		
Culture and recreation		59,831		-		-		-		59,831		
Debt service:												
Principal retirement		40,000		-		-		-		40,000		
Interest and other charges		17,160		-		-		-		17,160		
Capital outlay	_					58,325		29,260		87,585		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	_	353,559				58,325	_	29,260		441,144		
DEVENUES OVED (UNDED)												
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		32,901		21,221		(57,311)		220,941		217,752		
		32,501		21,221		(57,511)		220,7				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USE	S)											
Transfers from (to) other funds	,	21,812		(21,812)		-		-		-		
			-									
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		54,713		(591)		(57,311)		220,941		217,752		
FUND BALANCE, beginning		654 201		501		100 955				954 747		
rono banance, beginning		654,301	_	591	_	199,855		<u>_</u>		854,747		
FUND BALANCE, ending	\$	709,014	\$	-	\$	142,544	\$	220,941	\$	1,072,499		

TOWN OF FAIRVIEW, NORTH CAROLINA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EVENUETHERS AND CHANCES IN FUND BALANCES OF

EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Exhibit 4-2

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit 4-1)	\$	217,752
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit 2) are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. In the statement of activities, however, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Capital outlay expenditures Depreciation expense for governmental assets		99,227 (111,250)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Increase in accrued interest on property taxes Change in unavailable revenue for tax revenues		187 572
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on the net position. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. Principal payment on long-term debt		40,000
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Change in accrued interest payable	f 	773
Total change in net position of governmental activities (Exhibit 2)	\$	247,261

TOWN OF FAIRVIEW, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

REVENUES	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Positive (Negative)
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 125,500	\$ 125,500	\$ 135,812	\$ 10,312
Unrestricted intergovernmental	199,000	189,000	204,645	15,645
Permits and fees	17,000	16,500	17,350	850
Sales and services	20,000	20,000	20,182	182
Investment earnings		_	4,299	4,299
Miscellaneous	_	-	4,172	4,172
TOTAL REVENUES	361,500	351,000	386,460	35,460
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government	173,000	178,350	171,088	7,262
Economic and physical development	64,305	58,805	57,480	1,325
Environmental protection	8,000	8,000	8,000	-
Culture and recreation	77,105	65,105	59,831	5,274
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	40,000	40,000	40,000	-
Interest and other charges	17,160	17,160	17,160	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	379,570	367,420	353,559	13,861
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(18,070)	(16,420)	32,901	49,321
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES				
Transfers from other funds	23,000	21,500	21,812	312
REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES	4,930	5,080	54,713	49,633
UNAPPROPRIATED FUND BALANCE	(4,930)	(5,080)	-	5,080
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	<u> </u>	\$ -	54,713	\$ 54,713
FUND BALANCE, beginning			654,301	
FUND BALANCE, ending			\$ 709,014	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of Town of Fairview conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies.

A. REPORTING ENTITY

Town of Fairview is a municipal corporation which is governed by an elected mayor and a fourmember council.

B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government and its component units, if any. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements would distinguish between the *governmental* and *business-type activities* of the Town; however, Town of Fairview does not have any business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the Town's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a specific function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a specific program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the Town's funds. Statements for the Town's only fund category – governmental – are presented. The Town has no fiduciary funds to report. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds, when applicable.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund. The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Town. The General Fund accounts for all financial resources, except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. The primary revenue sources are ad valorem taxes, other taxes and licenses, permits and fees, and investment income. The primary expenditures are for general government, economic and physical development, culture and recreation, and debt service.

ARPA Grant Project Fund. This fund is used to account for transactions related to the American Rescue Plan Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds.

Town Park Update Capital Project Fund. This fund is used to account for transactions related to State Capital Infrastructure Fund monies designated for capital improvements at the Town Park.

Park and Town Hall Improvements Capital Project Fund. This fund is used to account for transactions related to State Capital Infrastructure Fund monies designated for capital improvements at the Town Park and Town Hall.

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, all funds of the Town are maintained during the year using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Government-wide Financial Statements. The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the Town gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under leases and IT subscriptions (if any) are reported as other financing sources.

The Town considers all revenues available if they are collected within 90 days after year-end, except for property taxes. Ad valorem taxes receivable are not accrued as revenue because the amount is not susceptible to accrual. At June 30, taxes receivable for property other than motor vehicles are materially past due and are not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the current year. Also, as of September 1, 2013, State law altered the procedures for the assessment and collection of property taxes on registered motor vehicles in North Carolina. Effective with this change in the law, the State of North Carolina is responsible for billing and collecting the property taxes on registered motor vehicles on behalf of all municipalities and special tax districts. Property taxes are due when vehicles are registered. The billed taxes are applicable to the fiscal year in which they are received. Uncollected taxes that were billed in periods prior to September 1, 2013, and for limited registration plates are shown as a receivable in these financial statements and are offset by deferred inflows of resources.

Sales taxes and certain intergovernmental revenues, such as the utilities sales tax, collected and held by the State at year-end on behalf of the Town are recognized as revenue. Sales taxes are considered a shared revenue for Town of Fairview because the tax is levied by Union County and then remitted to and distributed by the State. Most intergovernmental revenues and sales and services are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, are reported as general revenues rather than program revenues. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been satisfied. Under the terms of grant agreements, the Town funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the Town's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then general revenues.

D. BUDGETARY DATA

The Town's budgets are adopted as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. An annual budget is adopted for the General Fund. All annual appropriations lapse at the fiscal year-end. Project ordinances spanning more than one year are adopted, and amended, as required for capital projects and special revenue funds. All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the object level for all annually budgeted funds and for any multi-year funds. All amendments must be approved by the governing board. During the year, several amendments to the original budget were necessary, the effects of which were not material. The budget ordinance must be adopted by July 1 of the fiscal year or the governing board must adopt an interim budget that covers that time until the annual ordinance can be adopted.

E. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND EQUITY

DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

All deposits of the Town are made in board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by State law [G.S. 159-31]. The Town may designate, as an official depository, any bank or savings association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the Town may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit.

State law [G.S. 159-30(c)] authorizes the Town to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States, obligations of the State of North Carolina, bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority, obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies, certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances, and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT). The NCCMT Government Portfolio, a SEC-registered (2a-7) money market mutual fund, is measured at fair value. Because the NCCMT Government Portfolio has a weighted average maturity of less than 90 days, it is presented as an investment with a maturity of less than 6 months.

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

All cash and investments are essentially demand deposits and are considered cash and cash equivalents. The Town considers all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash and cash equivalents.

RESTRICTED ASSETS

Restricted cash for the Town as of June 30, 2024, consisted of the following:

Governmental Activities:

Town Park Update Capital Project Fund:

Unexpended grant monies

\$ 142,544

Park and Town Hall Improvements Capital Project Fund:

Unexpended grant monies

218,174

\$ 360,718

AD VALOREM TAXES RECEIVABLE

In accordance with State law [G.S. 105-347 and G.S. 159-13(a)], the Town levies ad valorem taxes on property other than motor vehicles on July 1st, the beginning of the fiscal year. The taxes are due on September 1st (lien date); however, interest does not accrue until the following January 6th. These taxes are based on the assessed values as of January 1, 2023.

ALLOWANCES FOR DOUBTFUL ACCOUNTS

Allowances for doubtful accounts are not maintained by the Town due to expected collectability of all accounts receivable.

PREPAID EXPENDITURES

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid expenditures in both government-wide and fund financial statements and expensed as the items are used.

CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than a certain cost and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Minimum capitalization costs are as follows: land \$1,000; buildings and improvements \$1,000; equipment and furniture \$1,000; computer software and equipment \$1,000. Donated capital assets received prior to June 16, 2015, are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Donated capital assets received after June 15, 2015, are recorded at acquisition value. All other purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets of the Town are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Land improvements15 yearsBuildings and improvements5-30 yearsEquipment and furniture5-15 years

DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Outflows of Resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The Town has no items that meet this criterion. In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Inflows of Resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The Town has two items that meet the criterion for this category – property taxes receivable and prepaid taxes.

REIMBURSEMENTS FOR PANDEMIC-RELATED EXPENDITURES

In fiscal year 2020/2021, the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) established the Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds to support urgent COVID-19 response efforts and to replace lost revenue for eligible state, local territorial, and tribal governments. The Town was awarded \$267,197 in American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds to be paid in two equal installments. The first tranche of \$133,598 was received by the Town in August 2021. The second tranche of the same amount was received in July 2022. The Town has used the funds for revenue replacement by supplanting salaries and has met the grantor requirements of encumbering costs by December 31, 2024, and fully expending the funds by December 31, 2026.

LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in governmental activities. In the fund financial statements for government fund types, the face amount of debt issued is reported as an other financing source.

COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The Town has only part-time employees and does not provide vacation or sick pay; therefore, no provision for compensated absences has been made.

NET POSITION/FUND BALANCES

NET POSITION:

Net position in government-wide financial statements is classified as net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted. Restricted net position represents constraints on resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through State statute.

FUND BALANCES:

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of five classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Nonspendable Fund Balance - This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

<u>Prepaid expenditures</u> - portion of fund balance that is not an available resource because it represents the year-end balance of prepaid expenses, which are not spendable resources.

Restricted Fund Balance - This classification includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law.

Restricted for Stabilization by State statute - North Carolina G.S. 159-8 prohibits units of government from budgeting or spending a portion of their fund balance. This is one of several statutes enacted by the North Carolina State Legislature in the 1930's designed to improve and maintain the fiscal health of local government units. Restricted by State statute (RSS) is calculated at the end of each fiscal year for all annually budgeted funds. The calculation in G.S. 159-8(a) provides a formula for determining what portion of fund balance is available for appropriation. The amount of fund balance not available for appropriation is what is known as "restricted by State statute". Appropriated fund balance in any fund shall not exceed the sum of cash and investments minus the sum of liabilities, encumbrances, and deferred revenues arising from cash receipts, as those figures stand at the close of the fiscal year next preceding the budget year. Per GASB guidance, RSS is considered a resource upon which a restriction is "imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation". RSS is reduced by inventories and prepaids as they are classified as nonspendable. RSS is included as a component of restricted fund balance on the Balance Sheet and restricted net position on the Statement of Net Position.

<u>Restricted for capital projects</u> - portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for certain capital project expenditures.

Committed Fund Balance - portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes imposed by majority vote by quorum of Town of Fairview's governing body (highest level of decision-making authority). The governing body can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.

<u>Committed for the park</u> – portion of fund balance set aside by the Board for future park capital needs.

Assigned Fund Balance - portion of fund balance that the Town intends to use for specific purposes.

<u>Subsequent year's expenditures</u> - portion of fund balance that is appropriated in the next year's budget that is not already classified in restricted or committed. The governing body approves the appropriation.

Unassigned Fund Balance - portion of fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes or other funds and has not been reported as nonspendable fund balance.

For purposes of fund balance classification, expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed in-order by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and lastly unassigned fund balance. The Town has not adopted a minimum fund balance policy, but follows the State Treasurer's guidance.

DEFINED BENEFIT COST-SHARING PLANS

The Town's employees do not participate in the State retirement plan.

NOTE 2 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. ASSETS

DEPOSITS

All the deposits of the Town are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits that exceed the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the Town's agents in the Town's name. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the Town, these deposits are considered to be held by the Town's agents in the Town's name. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interest bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the Town or the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amounts of collateral pledged for the Town under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for under-collateralization. This risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method. The Town has no formal policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits, but relies on the State Treasurer to enforce standards of minimum capitalization for all Pooling Method financial institutions and to monitor them for compliance. The Town complies with the provisions of G.S. 159-31 when designating official depositories and verifying that deposits are properly secured.

At June 30, 2024, the Town's deposits had a carrying amount of \$1,045,679 and a bank balance of \$1,062,350. Of the bank balance, \$250,000 was covered by federal depository insurance, and the remainder was covered by collateral held under the Pooling Method. At June 30, 2024, the Town's bank balances exceeded federally insured limits by \$812,350.

INVESTMENTS

At June 30, 2024, the Town's investments consisted of \$1,163 invested with the North Carolina Capital Management Trust's Government Portfolio which carried a credit rating of AAAm by Standard and Poor's. The Town has no formal policy regarding credit risk of its investments.

RECEIVABLES

Virtually all ad valorem taxes and accounts receivable are collected, and accordingly, allowances for doubtful accounts are not considered material or necessary.

CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2024, was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
	Balances	Increases	Decreases	Balances
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 744,435	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 744,435
Construction in progress	33,455	9,160		42,615
	777,890	9,160	_	787,050
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Land improvements	7,400	58,325	-	65,725
Buildings and improvements	1,550,813	11,642	_	1,562,455
Office furniture and equipment	11,772	-	1,112	10,660
Park equipment	171,130	20,100	_	191,230
	1,741,115	90,067	1,112	1,830,070
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Land improvements	2,145	1,465	-	3,610
Buildings and improvements	506,853	90,316	_	597,169
Office furniture and equipment	11,714	58	1,112	10,660
Park equipment	96,042	19,411	-	115,453
	616,754	111,250	1,112	726,892
	1,124,361			1,103,178
Governmental activities				
capital assets, net	\$ 1,902,251			\$ 1,890,228

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental departments as follows:

General government	\$ 19,182
Culture and recreation	 92,068
	\$ 111,250

B. LIABILITIES

DEFERRED OUTFLOWS AND INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

Deferred inflows of resources at year-end as disclosed in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet are comprised of the following:

Taxes receivable	\$ 1,572
Prepaid taxes	27
•	\$ 1,599

RISK MANAGEMENT

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town participates in an insurance pool administered by the Interlocal Risk Financing Fund of North Carolina. Through this pool, the Town obtains general liability and auto liability coverage of \$5 million per occurrence, and property coverage up to the total insurance values of the property policy.

The Town carries commercial insurance for workers' compensation coverage and all other risks of loss. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage in the prior year, and settled claims have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The Town participates in the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP). NFIP is managed by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) and enables homeowners and businesses in participating communities to purchase federally backed flood insurance.

In accordance with G.S. 159-29, the Town's employees that have access to \$100 or more at any given time of the Town's funds are performance bonded through a commercial surety bond. The finance officer and the tax collector/land use administrator are bonded for \$50,000 and \$10,000, respectively. The Town also has a blanket bond for \$20,000.

COMMITMENTS

Town of Fairview entered into an interlocal agreement dated February 20, 2011. Under this agreement, the Town, Union County, and one other municipality are obligated to equally pay for any operating deficit incurred by Piedmont Collection Site. The municipalities are only liable for up to \$8,000 each per fiscal year. The municipalities agreed to pay for the operating deficit in order to keep the landfill open. This agreement automatically renews for successive annual terms.

The Town has entered into various contracts to update the Town's original park master plan and to design a park amphitheater. The remaining balance on these commitments totaled \$26,785.

CLAIMS AND JUDGMENTS

The Town is and may be subject to various lawsuits. In the opinion of the Town's management and the Town's attorney, the ultimate impact of any of these legal matters will not materially affect the Town's financial position.

LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Installment purchase

In November, 2018, the Town entered into a direct borrowing installment purchase contract with two individuals to finance the purchase of real estate. The financing contract requires 15 annual payments of \$40,000 plus interest at 3.9%. The loan is secured by a deed of trust. In the event of default all remaining principal and interest accrued thereon will be due and payable.

\$ 400,000

Annual debt service payments of the installment purchase as of June 30, 2024, including \$85,800 of interest, are as follows:

Year Ending	Government	Governmental Activities			
June 30,	Principal	Interest			
2025	\$ 40,000	\$	15,600		
2026	40,000		14,040		
2027	40,000		12,480		
2028	40,000		10,920		
2029	40,000		9,360		
2030-2034	200,000		23,400		
	\$ 400,000	\$	85,800		

CHANGES IN LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The following is a summary of changes in the Town's long-term obligations for the year ended June 30, 2024:

					Due
	Balance			Balance	Within
	July 1, 2023	Increases	Decreases	June 30, 2024	One Year
Governmental activities:					
Direct borrowing installment					
purchase	\$ 440,000	\$	\$ 40,000	\$ 400,000	\$ 40,000

At June 30, 2024, Town of Fairview had a legal debt margin of \$53,262,811.

NOTE 3 – INTERFUND BALANCES AND ACTIVITY

Transfers are used to move monies to finance various programs that the government must account for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations. Transfers at June 30, 2024, consisted of \$21,812 transferred from the ARPA Grant Project Fund to the General Fund for revenue replacement.

NOTE 4 – JOINT VENTURES

Charlotte Regional Transportation Planning Organization

The Town participates in a joint venture, Charlotte Regional Transportation Planning Organization (CRTPO), with 25 other jurisdictions in Iredell, Mecklenburg, and Union counties to work cooperatively with each other and the North Carolina Department of Transportation to enhance transportation planning opportunities for the region. CRTPO is one of the four MPO's and one RPO that make up the Charlotte Regional Alliance for Transportation. The Charlotte-Mecklenburg Planning Department is the lead planning agency for CRTPO. None of the participating governments have any equity interest in CRTPO, so no equity interest has been reflected in the financial statements at June 30, 2024. In accordance with the agreement between the participating governments and CRTPO, the Town paid \$2,048 to the CRTPO during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, for membership dues. Complete financial statements for CRTPO may be obtained from CRTPO's office at 600 E. Fourth Street, 8th Floor, Charlotte, North Carolina 28202-2853.

NOTE 5 - SUMMARY DISCLOSURE OF SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENCIES

FEDERAL AND STATE ASSISTED PROGRAMS

The Town has received proceeds from several federal and State grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant monies to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant monies.

INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

TOWN OF FAIRVIEW, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Exhibit A-1 Page 1 of 3

REVENUES	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Ad valorem taxes:			
Taxes	\$ 125,500	\$ 135,247	\$ 9,747
Penalties and interest	-	565	565
Total	125,500	135,812	10,312
Unrestricted intergovernmental:			
Local option sales taxes	53,000	56,401	3,401
Beer and wine tax	14,000	17,168	3,168
Utilities sales tax	122,000	111,273	(10,727)
Telecommunications sales tax	-	13,599	13,599
Piped natural gas sales tax	-	630	630
Video franchise fee	_	5,574	5,574
Total	189,000	204,645	15,645
Permits and fees:			
Zoning fees and permits	16,500	17,350	850
Sales and services:			
Rental income	20,000	20,182	182
Investment earnings		4,299	4,299
Miscellaneous		4,172	4,172
TOTAL REVENUES	351,000	386,460	35,460

TOWN OF FAIRVIEW, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Exhibit A-1 Page 2 of 3

EXPENDITURES	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
General government:			
Advertising	1,000	751	249
Audit fees	10,000	10,000	-
Bank service charges	250	37	213
Capital outlay - Office renovation	4,700	4,266	434
Capital outlay - Town hall	7,500	7,376	124
Collection fees - Ad valorem	2,200	1,954	246
Computer and internet	10,000	9,580	420
Dues and subscriptions	6,200	5,824	376
Election expense	3,800	3,795	5
Grants	3,500	3,000	500
Insurance	7,200	7,173	27
Legal fees	9,000	8,492	508
Miscellaneous	1,000	258	742
Office supplies	29,750	29,430	320
Office utilities	6,500	6,233	267
Payroll expense	59,600	58,673	927
Payroll taxes	9,850	9,519	331
Professional fees	3,000	2,748	252
Repairs and maintenance	1,500	1,006	494
Telephone	1,200	673	527
Training	500	257	243
Travel	100	43	57
Total	178,350	171,088	7,262
Economic and physical development:			
Payroll expense	54,805	54,520	285
Zoning administration	4,000	2,960	1,040
	58,805	57,480	1,325
Environmental protection:			
Sanitation contracted services	8,000	8,000	

TOWN OF FAIRVIEW, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Exhibit A-1 Page 3 of 3

EVDENDITUDES CONTINUED.	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
EXPENDITURES - CONTINUED:			
Culture and recreation:			
Festival expense	16,500	15,704	796
Park maintenance	27,000	25,773	1,227
Park utilities	6,200	5,552	648
Payroll expense	15,405	12,802	2,603
Total	65,105	59,831	5,274
Debt service:			
Principal retirement	40,000	40,000	_
Interest and other charges	17,160	17,160	_
Total	57,160	57,160	_
1000			
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	367,420	353,559	13,861
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(16,420)	32,901	49,321
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers from other funds	21,500	21,812	312
REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES	5,080	54,713	49,633
UNAPPROPRIATED FUND BALANCE	(5,080)		5,080
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ -	54,713	\$ 54,713
FUND BALANCE, beginning		654,301	
FUND BALANCE, ending		\$ 709,014	

TOWN OF FAIRVIEW, NORTH CAROLINA ARPA GRANT PROJECT FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL From Inception and for the Year Ended June 30, 2024

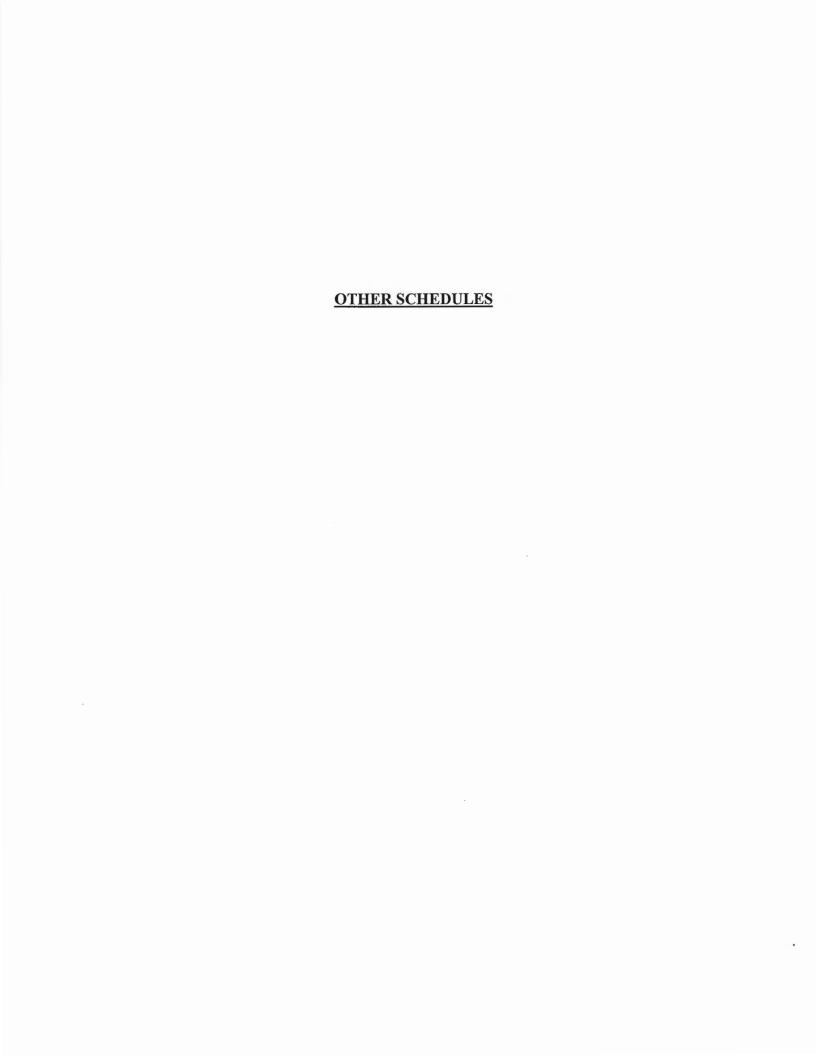
						Actual	Variance			
	Project		Prior		Current		Total to		Positive	
	Au	thorization	Years		Year		Date		(Negative)	
REVENUES										
Restricted intergovernmental:										
ARP/CSLRF funds	\$	267,197	\$	246,012	\$	21,185	\$	267,197	\$	-
Interest earned	_		_	591	_	36	_	627		627
TOTAL REVENUES		267,197		246,603		21,221		267,824		627
OTHER FINANCING USES										
Transfer to General Fund	_	(267,197)	_	(246,012)	_	(21,812)		(267,824)		(627)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$		\$	591		(591)	\$	_	\$	-
FUND BALANCE, beginning						591				
FUND BALANCE, ending					\$					

TOWN OF FAIRVIEW, NORTH CAROLINA TOWN PARK UPDATE CAPITAL PROJECT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL From Inception and for the Year Ended June 30, 2024

				Actual						ariance	
		Project		Prior Cur		Current	Total to		Positive		
	Αι	thorization		Years		Year		Date		(Negative)	
REVENUES											
Restricted intergovernmental:											
Grant proceeds	\$	250,000	\$	250,000	\$	-	\$	250,000	\$	-	
Interest earned		-	_	1,602	_	1,014	_	2,616		2,616	
TOTAL REVENUES		250,000		251,602		1,014		252,616		2,616	
EXPENDITURES Capital outlay:											
Design and park upgrade	_	250,000		51,747		58,325		110,072	_	139,928	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	<u>\$</u>		\$	199,855		(57,311)	\$	142,544	\$	142,544	
FUND BALANCE, beginning					_	199,855					
FUND BALANCE, ending					\$	142,544					

TOWN OF FAIRVIEW, NORTH CAROLINA PARK AND TOWN HALL IMPROVEMENTS CAPITAL PROJECT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL From Inception and for the Year Ended June 30, 2024

			Actual						Variance		
		Project		Prior Current			Total to		Positive		
	Au	thorization	_	Years	Year		Date		(Negative)		
REVENUES Restricted intergovernmental: Grant proceeds Interest earned	\$	250,000	\$	- -	\$	250,000 201	\$	250,000 201	\$	201	
TOTAL REVENUES		250,000		-		250,201		250,201		201	
EXPENDITURES Capital outlay: Design and improvements of park and											
Town hall	_	250,000	_	_		29,260		29,260		220,740	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	-	\$			220,941	\$	220,941	\$	220,941	
FUND BALANCE, beginning					_	-					
FUND BALANCE, ending					\$	220,941					



TOWN OF FAIRVIEW, NORTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF AD VALOREM TAXES RECEIVABLE June 30, 2024

Fiscal Year	Ba	Uncollected Balance une 30, 2023		dditions		ollections ad Credits	Uncollected Balance June 30, 2024			
2023-2024 2022-2023 2021-2022	\$	255 106	\$	134,730 249 357	\$	134,431 264 253	\$	299 240 210		
2020-2021		11		226		123		114		
2019-2020 2018-2019		266 291		192 88		90 88		368 291		
2017-2018 2016-2017		10 13		-		1		10 12		
2015-2016 2014-2015		7 21		-		-		7 21		
2013-2014	\$	1 000	\$	125 942	\$	125 270	\$	1 572		
D 11 11	=	1,000	Ф	135,842	Φ	135,270	<u> </u>	1,572		
Reconcilement with	revenues:									
Ad Valorem Taxo Reconciling items		al Fund					\$	135,812		
Interest collecte Collection of ta	d	nısly writte	n off					(565)		
Refunds	-	asiy wiice	011					-		
Taxes written o	II						_	23		
				Total collec	tions a	and credits	\$	135,270		

TOWN OF FAIRVIEW, NORTH CAROLINA ANALYSIS OF CURRENT TAX LEVY - TOWN-WIDE LEVY For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

				Total	Levy
	Property Valuation	wn-wide Rate	Amount of Levy	Property Excluding Registered Motor Vehicles	Registered Motor Vehicles
Original levy:					
Property taxed at current rate	\$ 669,230,682	\$ 0.02	\$ 133,846	\$ 120,318	\$ 13,528
Penalties and adjustments	-		468	468	
Total	669,230,682		134,314	120,786	13,528
Discoveries:					
Current year taxes	2,565,700	0.02	513	513	-
Penalties and adjustments			105	105	
	2,565,700		618	618	
Releases	(1,011,250)		(202)	(202)	
Total property valuation	\$ 670,785,132				
Net levy			134,730	121,202	13,528
Unpaid (by taxpayer) taxes at Jun	e 30, 2024		(299)	(299)	
Current year's taxes collected			\$ 134,431	\$ 120,903	\$ 13,528
Current levy collection percentage	e		<u>99.78</u> %	99.75%	100.00%



J. B. WATSON & CO., P.L.L.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

120 SOUTH RUTHERFORD STREET
P. O. BOX 341
WADESBORO, N.C. 28170

JAMES F. HANNA, CPA DENEAL H. BENNETT, CPA J. DAVID BURNS, CPA TELEPHONE (704) 694-5174 FACSIMILE (704) 694-6970

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council Town of Fairview, North Carolina

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Town of Fairview, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Town of Fairview, North Carolina's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 31, 2024.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Town of Fairview, North Carolina's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Town of Fairview, North Carolina's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Town of Fairview, North Carolina's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described below, we identified a certain deficiency in internal control that we consider to be a material weakness.

Segregation of Duties:

In an organization such as Town of Fairview, North Carolina, with a limited number of personnel for certain functions, there are inherent limitations of the effectiveness of certain controls due to the lack of segregation of duties among the Town personnel. We, therefore, recommend the Town separate duties as much as possible and provide alternative controls, including involvement of the Town board with oversight and approvals, where feasible.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Town of Fairview, North Carolina's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Town of Fairview, North Carolina's Response to Finding

The Town agrees with the above noted finding and plans to alleviate the effects of the noted deficiency where feasible and cost effective. *Government Auditing Standards* require the auditor to perform limited procedures on Town of Fairview, North Carolina's response to the finding identified in our audit and described above. Town of Fairview, North Carolina's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Wadesboro, North Carolina

BWoksen & G. PUC

October 31, 2024

TOWN OF FAIRVIEW, NORTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Federal	State/		Gra	nt Funds Expen	ded
	Assistance	Pass-through	Fede	ral (Direct		
Grantor/Pass-Through	Listing	Grantor's	& Pas	ss-through)	State	Local
Grantor/Program Title	Number	Number	Exp	Expenditures Expenditures		Expenditures
Cash Assistance:						
Federal Grants:						
U.S. Department of Treasury Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal						
Recovery Funds	21.027	NC0149	\$	21,185	\$ -	\$ -
State Grants:						
Office of State Budget and Management State Capital Infrastructure Fund (SCIF)		10442			87,585	
Total assistance			\$	21,185	\$ 87,585	\$ -

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards:

Note 1: Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal and State awards (SEFSA) includes the federal and State grant activity of Town of Fairview under the programs of the federal government and the State of North Carolina for the year ended June 30, 2024. Because the SEFSA presents only a selected portion of the operations of Town of Fairview, it is not intended to, and does not, present the financial position or changes in net position of Town of Fairview.

Note 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported in the SEFSA are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in OMB Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.