TOWN OF FAIRVIEW, NORTH CAROLINA FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year Ended June 30, 2022



J. B. WATSON & Co., P.L.L.C.

Certified Public Accountants

TOWN OF FAIRVIEW, NORTH CAROLINA LOCAL GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS June 30, 2022

Town Council

Phil Thomas, Mayor

Gary Wilfong, Mayor Pro Tem

John Biggers

Jerry Clontz

Patricia Kindley

Administrative and Financial Staff

Darrell Baucom, Finance Officer

Teresa Gregorius, Town Clerk

Ed Humphries, Deputy Clerk/Land Use Administrator

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J. B. WATSON & CO., P.L.L.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS 120 SOUTH RUTHERFORD STREET

P. O. BOX 341 WADESBORO, N.C. 28170

JAMES F. HANNA, CPA DENEAL H. BENNETT, CPA J. DAVID BURNS, CPA TELEPHONE (704) 694-5174 FACSIMILE (704) 694-6970

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council Town of Fairview, North Carolina

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Town of Fairview, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Town of Fairview, North Carolina's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of Town of Fairview, North Carolina, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Town of Fairview, North Carolina, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Town of Fairview, North Carolina's ability to continue as a going concern for the twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that
 are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of Town of Fairview, North Carolina's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Town of Fairview, North Carolina's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that Management's Discussion and Analysis (on pages i through ix) be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Town of Fairview, North Carolina's basic financial statements. The individual fund statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules, as well as the accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal and State awards are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The

information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the individual fund statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules, and the schedule of expenditures of federal and State awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated November 18, 2022, on our consideration of Town of Fairview, North Carolina's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of the report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Town of Fairview, North Carolina's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Town of Fairview, North Carolina's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Wadesboro, North Carolina

B Watson & lo. PLC

November 18, 2022

As management of Town of Fairview, North Carolina, we offer readers of Town of Fairview's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of Town of Fairview for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the Town's financial statements, which follow this narrative.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of Town of Fairview exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the fiscal year by \$2,167,861 (net position).
- The government's total net position increased by \$433,440.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, Town of Fairview's governmental funds reported ending fund balance of \$743,094, an increase of \$331,186 in comparison with the prior year mainly due to federal and state grants received in 21/22. Approximately 40 percent of this total amount, or \$312,222, is nonspendable or restricted.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$430,872, or 99.5 percent, of total General Fund expenditures for the fiscal year.
- Town of Fairview incurred \$600,000 of long-term debt during fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, for the purchase of land adjacent to the park. Annual debt service payments began on this debt in January 2020.
- The Town has received \$267,197 of American Rescue Plan funds which it plans to use as revenue replacement by supplanting salaries.
- The Town has received State Capital Infrastructure Fund monies of \$250,000 which it plans to use to upgrade the Town Park.
- The Town has received a legislatively directed grant of \$50,000 for improvements to the Town Hall.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to Town of Fairview's basic financial statements. The Town's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements (see Figure 1). The basic financial statements present two different views of the Town through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of Town of Fairview.

Figure 1 Management's Basic Discussion and Financial Statements Analysis Government-wide Fund Notes to the Financial Financial Financial Statements Statements Statements

Required Components of Annual Financial Report

Basic Financial Statements

Summary

The first two statements (Exhibits 1 and 2) in the basic financial statements are the **Government-wide Financial Statements**. They provide both short and long-term information about Town of Fairview's financial status.

Detail

The next statements (Exhibits 3-1 through 5) are **Fund Financial Statements**. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the Town's government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements. There are two parts to the Fund Financial Statements: 1) the governmental funds statements and 2) the budgetary comparison statement.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the **notes**. The notes to the financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements. After the notes, **supplemental information** is provided to show details about the Town's individual funds. Budgetary information required by the North Carolina General Statutes also can be found in this part of the statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the Town's finances, similar in format to a financial statement of a private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short and long-term information about the Town's financial status as a whole.

The two government-wide statements report the Town's net position and how it has changed. Net position is the difference between the Town's total assets and deferred outflows of resources and total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Measuring net position is one way to gauge the Town's financial condition.

The government-wide statements are shown as one category: Governmental activities. The governmental activities include the Town's basic services of general administration, public safety, environmental protection, economic and physical development, and culture and recreation. Property taxes and State revenues finance most of these activities, while a government grant financed a large portion of the culture and recreation expenditures.

The government-wide financial statements are Exhibits 1 and 2 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements (see Figure 1) provide a more detailed look at the Town's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Town of Fairview, like all other governmental entities in North Carolina, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or non-compliance) with finance-related legal requirements, such as the General Statutes or the Town's budget ordinance. The funds of Town of Fairview are shown in one category: governmental funds.

Governmental Funds – Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. All of the Town's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow in and out, and what monies are left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual accounting* which provides a short-term spending focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps him or her determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the Town's programs. The relationship between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements.

Town of Fairview adopts an annual budget for its General Fund, as required by the General Statutes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the citizens of the Town, the management of the Town, and the decisions of the Council about which services to provide and how to pay for them. It also authorizes the Town to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current period activities. The budgetary statement provided for the General Fund demonstrates how well the Town complied with the budget ordinance and whether or not the Town succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was adopted.

The budgetary comparison statement uses the budgetary basis of accounting and is presented using the same format, language, and classifications as the legal budget document. The statement shows four columns: 1) the original budget as adopted by the Board; 2) the final budget as amended by the Board; 3) the actual resources, charges to appropriations, and ending balances in the General Fund; and 4) the difference or variance between the final budget and the actual resources and charges.

Notes to the Financial Statements – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements are on pages 8-18 of this report.

Interdependence with Other Entities: The Town depends on financial resources flowing from, or associated with, both the federal government and the State of North Carolina. Because of this dependency, the Town is subject to changes in specific flows of intergovernmental revenues based on modifications to federal and State laws and federal and State appropriations.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

TOWN OF FAIRVIEW NET POSITION FIGURE 2

	Governmental Activities				
	2022	2021			
Current and other assets Capital assets, net Total assets	\$ 788,107 1,912,315 2,700,422	\$ 436,098 1,851,027 2,287,125			
Current and other liabilities Long-term liabilities outstanding:	52,520	32,698			
Due within one year	40,000	40,000			
Due after one year	440,000	480,000			
Deferred inflows of resources	41	6			
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	532,561	552,704			
Net position:					
Net investment in capital assets	1,432,315	1,331,027			
Restricted	308,920	38,288			
Unrestricted	426,626	365,106			
Total net position	\$ 2,167,861	\$ 1,734,421			

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as one useful indicator of a government's financial condition. The assets and deferred outflows of resources of Town of Fairview exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$2,167,861 as of June 30, 2022. The Town's net position increased by \$433,440 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. \$1,432,315 or 66.1% reflects the Town's net investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, machinery, and equipment) less any related debt still outstanding that was issued to acquire those items. Town of Fairview uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. An additional portion of Town of Fairview's net position \$308,920 or 14.2% represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of \$426,626 is unrestricted.

Several particular aspects of Town of Fairview's financial operations positively influenced the total unrestricted net position:

- Ad valorem taxes were higher due to property revaluation in 21-22.
- There were no payments to the volunteer fire department this year versus payments for six months in 20-21.

TOWN OF FAIRVIEW CHANGES IN NET POSITION FIGURE 3

	Governmental				
	Activities				
		2022		2021	
Revenues					
Program revenues:					
Charges for services	\$	36,555	\$	38,416	
Operating grants and contributions		142,805		374	
Capital grants and contributions		300,000		-	
General revenues:					
Property taxes		129,505		94,847	
Other taxes and licenses		185,426		188,994	
Grants and contributions not restricted		-		-	
Investment earnings, unrestricted		983		654	
Miscellaneous, unrestricted		549	_	150	
Total revenues		795,823	_	323,435	
Expenses					
Program expenses:					
General government		138,215		137,350	
Public safety		2,444		26,285	
Economic and physical development		47,098		44,974	
Environmental protection		8,000		8,000	
Culture and recreation		147,120		133,310	
Interest on long-term debt		19,506		21,067	
Total expenses		362,383		370,986	
Change in net position		433,440		(47,551)	
Net position, July 1	_	1,734,421	_	1,781,972	
Net position, June 30	\$	2,167,861	\$	1,734,421	

Governmental activities: Governmental activities increased the Town's net position by \$433,440. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

- Quarterly payments to the volunteer fire department for truck payments stopped in January 2022.
- Increase in property taxes due to property revaluation in 21-22.
- Receipt of American Rescue Plan funds, State Capital Infrastructure funds, and legislatively directed grant from North Carolina.

Financial Analysis of the Town's Funds

As noted earlier, Town of Fairview uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds: The focus of Town of Fairview's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing Town of Fairview's financing requirements.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of Town of Fairview. At the end of the current fiscal year, Town of Fairview's fund balance available in the General Fund was \$430,872 while total fund balance reached \$474,135. The Town currently has an available fund balance of 99.5 percent of General Fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 109.5 percent of the same amount.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights: During the fiscal year, the Town revised the budget. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of three categories: 1) amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget ordinance once exact information is available; 2) amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as federal and State grants; and 3) increases in appropriations that become necessary to maintain services. Town of Fairview did not make any major budget amendments.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets: Town of Fairview's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2022, totals \$1,912,315 (net of accumulated depreciation). These assets include buildings, land, improvements, office equipment, and park equipment.

Major capital asset transactions during the year include the following:

- Purchase of Town office property and related improvements of \$150,661
- Depreciation of capital assets for governmental activities in the amount of \$101,451

TOWN OF FAIRVIEW CAPITAL ASSETS (net of depreciation) FIGURE 4

	Governmental						
	Activities						
		2022		2021			
Land	\$	744,435	\$	744,435			
Construction in progress		8,123		-			
Land improvements		5,748		6,242			
Buildings and improvements		1,070,680		1,000,160			
Leasehold improvements		9,578		14,741			
Office furniture and equipment		171		284			
Park equipment	***	73,580		85,165			
	\$	1,912,315	\$	1,851,027			

Additional information on the Town's capital assets can be found in Note 2 of the Basic Financial Statements.

Long-term Debt: Town of Fairview had no bonded debt as of June 30, 2022.

TOWN OF FAIRVIEW Outstanding Debt FIGURE 5

Government	tal Activities
2022	2021
\$480,000	\$520,000

Direct borrowing installment purchase

Town of Fairview's Outstanding Debt

Town of Fairview's total debt decreased by \$40,000 during the past fiscal year due to scheduled annual debt service payments.

North Carolina general statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt that a unit of government can issue to 8 percent of the total assessed value of taxable property located within the government's boundaries. The legal debt margin for Town of Fairview is \$49,115,939. The Town has no bonds authorized but un-issued at June 30, 2022.

Additional information regarding Town of Fairview's long-term debt can be found in Note 2 of the Basic Financial Statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The following key economic indicators reflect the growth and prosperity of the Town.

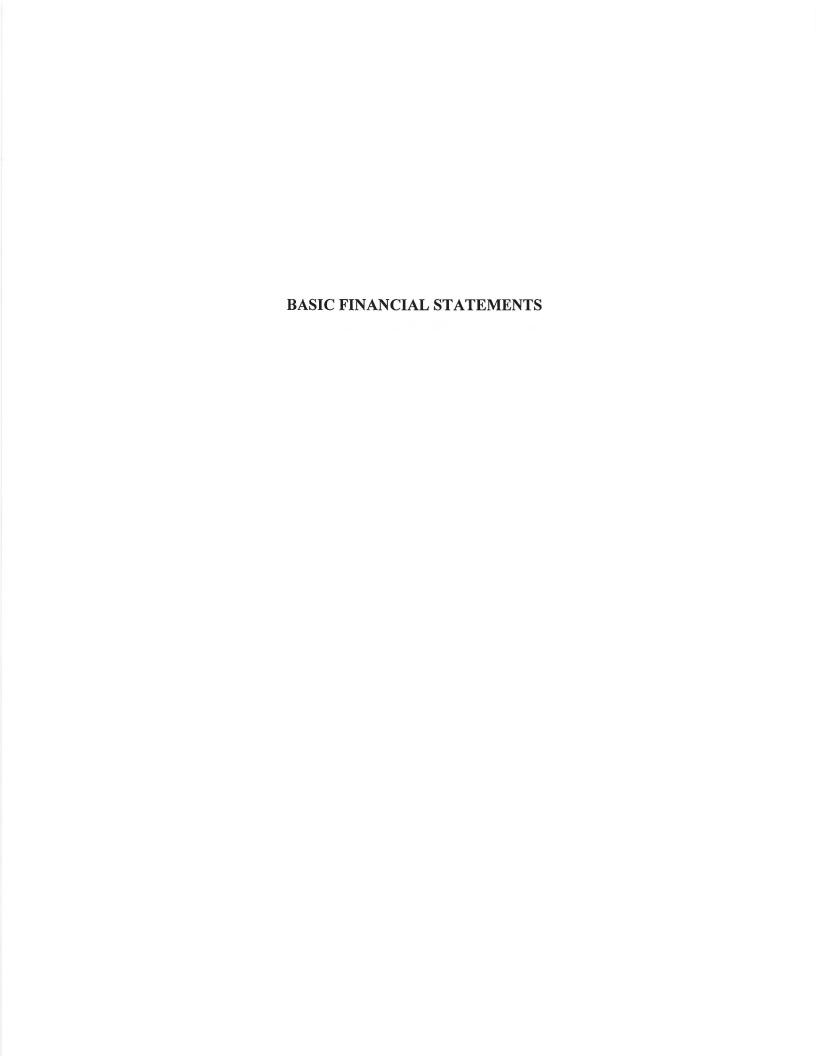
- The Town expects steady revenue growth in the future due to improving economic conditions.
- Property tax rate for 2022-2023 will remain at \$.02/\$100 of valuation.

Budget Highlights for the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2023

Governmental Activities: The Town's expenditures will be reduced as we purchased the Town Hall in 21-22. This will be partially offset by anticipated increases in Culture and Recreation expenditures.

Requests for Information

This report is designed to provide an overview of the Town's finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to Town Budget and Finance Officer, Darrell Baucom, 7516 Concord Hwy, Monroe, North Carolina, 28110. One can also call (704)-753-1981, visit our website www.fairviewnc.gov, or send an email to tgregorius@fairviewnc.gov.



TOWN OF FAIRVIEW, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
CURRENT ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash and cash equivalents Taxes receivable Accrued interest receivable on taxes Due from other governments Prepaid expenditures TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	\$ 471,851 270,964 1,375 360 40,255 3,302 788,107
CAPITAL ASSETS	
Land and other nondepreciable assets	752,558
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	1,159,757
TOTAL CAPITAL ASSETS	1,912,315
TOTAL ASSETS	2,700,422
LIABILITIES Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Accrued interest payable Due to other governments Liabilities payable from restricted assets Deposits Long-term liabilities: Due within one year Due in more than one year TOTAL LIABILITIES	23,403 9,283 16,085 2,299 1,450 40,000 440,000 532,520
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Prepaid taxes	41
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Restricted for: Stabilization by State statute Capital projects Unrestricted	1,432,315 39,961 268,959 426,626
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 2,167,861

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Exhibit 2

TOWN OF FAIRVIEW, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

			Program Revenues							
			Operating Capital Charges for Grants and Grants and							zammantal
	Е	Expenses		ervices		ntributions			Governmental Activities	
Functions/Programs										
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$	138,215	\$	15,960	\$	131,299	\$	50,000	\$	59,044
Public safety		2,444		-		-		-		(2,444)
Economic and physical development		47,098		17,595		_		-		(29,503)
Environmental protection		8,000		-		-		-		(8,000)
Culture and recreation		147,120		3,000		11,506		250,000		117,386
Interest on long-term debt		19,506		-		-		-		(19,506)
Total governmental activities		362,383		36,555		142,805		300,000		116,977
		neral reven axes:	ues:							
		Property ta	xes 1	levied for	enei	al nurnoses				129,505
		Other taxes		•	501101	ar parposo.	•			185,426
		rants and co			t rest	ricted to sp	ecifi	c programs		_
		vestment e				-		1 0		983
		fiscellaneou								549
						Total gen	eral	revenues		316,463
						Change i	in ne	et position		433,440
	Net	position, l	oegin	ning					1	,734,421
						Net po	sitio	on, ending	\$ 2	2,167,861

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

TOWN OF FAIRVIEW, NORTH CAROLINA BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2022

				Major	Fun	ds				
					T	own Park	To	wn Hall		
			AR	PA Grant		Update	1	Jpdate		Total
		General	I	Project		Capital		Capital	Go	vernmental
		Fund		Fund		oject Fund		ject Fund		Funds
ASSETS					-			K		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	471,851	\$	_	\$	_	\$	-	\$	471,851
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		-		2,299		242,087		26,578		270,964
Taxes receivable		1,375		_		_		_		1,375
Prepaid expenditures		3,302		-		-		_		3,302
Due from other governments		39,961			_		_	294		40,255
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	516,489	\$	2,299	\$	242,087	\$	26,872	\$	787,747
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	23,403	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	23,403
Due to other governments		16,085		_		_		_		16,085
Unearned revenues		-		2,299		_		-		2,299
Deposits		1,450						-		1,450
TOTAL LIABILITIES		40,938		2,299			_			43,237
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCE	ES									
Property taxes receivable		1,375		-		_		-		1,375
Prepaid taxes		41	_						_	41
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF										
RESOURCES		1,416			_					1,416
FUND BALANCES										
Nonspendable:										
Prepaid expenditures		3,302		_		-				3,302
Restricted:		- ,								-,-
Stabilization by State statute		39,961		_		_		_		39,961
Capital projects						242,087		-26,872		268,959
Unassigned		430,872							_	430,872
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		474,135		_	_	242,087	_	26,872		743,094
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND										
FUND BALANCES	\$	516,489	\$	2,299	\$	242,087	\$	26,872	\$	787,747

TOWN OF FAIRVIEW, NORTH CAROLINA RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2022

Exhibit 3-2

Fund balances - Total governmental funds (Exhibit 3-1)	\$	743,094
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit 1) are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		1,912,315
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are inflows of resources in the funds. Accrued interest receivable on taxes		360
Earned revenues considered deferred inflows of resources in fund statements.		1,375
Some liabilities used in governmental activities are not financial uses and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Installment purchases payable		(480,000)
Accrued interest payable Net position of governmental activities (Exhibit 1)	<u>\$</u>	(9,283) 2,167,861

TOWN OF FAIRVIEW, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Tor the Tour Ended build 50, 2022		Major	Funds		
	General	ARPA Grant Project	Town Park Update Capital	Town Hall Update Capital	Total Governmental
	Fund	Fund	Project Fund	Project Fund	Funds
REVENUES					
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 129,313	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 129,313
Unrestricted intergovernmental	185,426	-	_	-	185,426
Restricted intergovernmental	-	131,299	250,000	50,000	431,299
Permits and fees	17,595		-	_	17,595
Sales and services	18,960	-	-	-	18,960
Investment earnings	613	127	210	33	983
Miscellaneous	12,055		_		12,055
TOTAL REVENUES	363,962	131,426	250,210	50,033	795,631
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General government	252,382	-	-		252,382
Public safety	2,444	-	-	_	2,444
Economic and physical development	47,098	-	_		47,098
Environmental protection	8,000	_	_	_	8,000
Culture and recreation	62,957	-	-	_	62,957
Debt service:	02,207				0_,,,,
Principal retirement	40,000	-	_	-	40,000
Interest and other charges	20,280	-	-	_	20,280
Capital outlay		-	8,123	23,161	31,284
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	433,161	_	8,123	23,161	464,445
DEVIEWIES OVED GIVDED					
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(69,199)	131,426	242,087	26,872	331,186
OFFICE PRODUCTION OF THE PRODU					
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USE	•	44.04.40.60			
Transfers from (to) other funds	131,426	(131,426)	-		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	62,227	-	242,087	26,872	331,186
FUND BALANCE, beginning	411,908				411,908
FUND BALANCE, ending	\$ 474,135	\$ -	\$ 242,087	\$ 26,872	\$ 743,094

TOWN OF FAIRVIEW, NORTH CAROLINA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES,

Exhibit 4-2

EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit 4-1)	\$	331,186
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit 2) are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. In the statement of activities, however, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation average.		
useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Capital outlay expenditures		162,739
Depreciation expense for governmental assets		(101,451)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		
Increase in accrued interest on property taxes		31
Change in unavailable revenue for tax revenues		161
The issuance of long-term debtr provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on the net position. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.		40.000
Principal payment on long-term debt		40,000
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	£	
Change in accrued interest payable		774
Total change in net position of governmental activities (Exhibit 2)	\$	433,440

TOWN OF FAIRVIEW, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 118,800	\$ 122,000	\$ 129,313	\$ 7,313
Unrestricted intergovernmental	183,500	174,300	185,426	11,126
Permits and fees	12,000	16,000	17,595	1,595
Sales and services	17,500	17,400	18,960	1,560
Investment earnings	-	-	613	613
Miscellaneous	_		12,055	12,055
TOTAL REVENUES	331,800	329,700	363,962	34,262
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government	132,230	281,880	252,382	29,498
Public safety	2,000	3,000	2,444	556
Economic and physical development	47,000	48,100	47,098	1,002
Environmental protection	8,000	8,000	8,000	-
Culture and recreation	63,076	74,426	62,957	11,469
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	40,000	40,000	40,000	-
Interest and other charges	20,280	20,280	20,280	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	312,586	475,686	433,161	42,525
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	19,214	(145,986)	(69,199)	76,787
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES				
Transfers from other funds		103,300	131,426	28,126
REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	19,214	(42,686)	62,227	104,913
APPROPRIATED (UNAPPROPRIATED FUND BALANCE	(19,214)	42,686		(42,686)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ -	\$	62,227	\$ 62,227
FUND BALANCE, beginning			411,908	
FUND BALANCE, ending			<u>\$ 474,135</u>	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of Town of Fairview conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies.

A. REPORTING ENTITY

Town of Fairview is a municipal corporation which is governed by an elected mayor and a fourmember council.

B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government and its component units, if any. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements would distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the Town; however, Town of Fairview does not have any business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the Town's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a specific function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the Town's funds. Statements for the Town's only fund category – governmental – are presented. The Town has no fiduciary funds to report. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds, when applicable.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund. The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Town. The General Fund accounts for all financial resources, except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. The primary revenue sources are ad valorem taxes, other taxes and licenses, permits and fees, and investment income. The primary expenditures are for general government, economic and physical development, culture and recreation, and debt service.

ARPA Grant Project Fund. This fund is used to account for transactions related to the American Rescue Plan Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds.

Town Park Update Capital Project Fund. This fund is used to account for transactions related to State Capital Infrastructure Fund monies designated for capital improvements at the Town Park.

Town Hall Update Capital Project Fund. This fund is used to account for transactions related to a legislatively directed grant designated for updates to Town hall.

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, all funds of the Town are maintained during the year using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Government-wide Financial Statements. The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the Town gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases (if any) are reported as other financing sources.

The Town considers all revenues available if they are collected within 90 days after year-end, except for property taxes. Ad valorem taxes receivable are not accrued as revenue because the amount is not susceptible to accrual. At June 30, taxes receivable for property other than motor vehicles are materially past due and are not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the current year. Also, as of September 1, 2013, State law altered the procedures for the assessment and collection of property taxes on registered motor vehicles in North Carolina. Effective with this change in the law, the State of North Carolina is responsible for billing and collecting the property taxes on registered motor vehicles on behalf of all municipalities and special tax districts. Property taxes are due when vehicles are registered. The billed taxes are applicable to the fiscal year in which they are received. Uncollected taxes that were billed in periods prior to September 1, 2013, and for limited registration plates are shown as a receivable in these financial statements and are offset by deferred inflows of resources.

Sales taxes and certain intergovernmental revenues, such as the utilities sales tax, collected and held by the State at year-end on behalf of the Town are recognized as revenue. Sales taxes are considered a shared revenue for Town of Fairview because the tax is levied by Union County and then remitted to and distributed by the State. Most intergovernmental revenues and sales and services are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, are reported as general revenues rather than program revenues. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been satisfied. Under the terms of grant agreements, the Town funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the Town's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then general revenues.

D. BUDGETARY DATA

The Town's budgets are adopted as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. An annual budget is adopted for the General Fund. All annual appropriations lapse at the fiscal year-end. Project ordinances are adopted as needed. All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the object level for all annually budgeted funds and for any multi-year funds. All amendments must be approved by the governing board. During the year, several amendments to the original budget were necessary, the effects of which were not material. The budget ordinance must be adopted by July 1 of the fiscal year or the governing board must adopt an interim budget that covers that time until the annual ordinance can be adopted.

E. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND EQUITY

DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

All deposits of the Town are made in board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by State law [G.S. 159-31]. The Town may designate, as an official depository, any bank or savings association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the Town may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit.

State law [G.S. 159-30(c)] authorizes the Town to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States, obligations of the State of North Carolina, bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority, obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies, certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances, and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT). The NCCMT Government Portfolio, a SEC-registered (2a-7) money market mutual fund, is measured at fair value. Because the NCCMT Government Portfolio has a weighted average maturity of less than 90 days, it is presented as an investment with a maturity of less than 6 months.

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

All cash and investments are essentially demand deposits and are considered cash and cash equivalents. The Town considers all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash and cash equivalents.

RESTRICTED ASSETS

Restricted cash for the Town as of June 30, 2022, consisted of the following:

Governmental Activities:

ARPA Fund:	
Unassigned grant proceeds	\$ 2,299
Town Park Update Capital Project Fund:	
Unexpended grant monies	242,087
Town Hall Update Capital Project Fund:	
Unexpended grant monies	 26,578
	\$ 270,964

AD VALOREM TAXES RECEIVABLE

In accordance with State law [G.S. 105-347 and G.S. 159-13(a)], the Town levies ad valorem taxes on property other than motor vehicles on July 1st, the beginning of the fiscal year. The taxes are due on September 1st (lien date); however, interest does not accrue until the following January 6th. These taxes are based on the assessed values as of January 1, 2021.

ALLOWANCES FOR DOUBTFUL ACCOUNTS

Allowances for doubtful accounts are not maintained by the Town due to expected collectability of all accounts receivable.

PREPAID EXPENDITURES

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid expenditures in both government-wide and fund financial statements and expensed as the items are used.

CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than a certain cost and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Minimum capitalization costs are as follows: land \$1,000; buildings and improvements \$1,000; equipment and furniture \$1,000; computer software and equipment \$1,000. Donated capital assets received prior to June 16, 2015, are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Donated capital assets received after June 15, 2015, are recorded at acquisition value. All other purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets of the Town are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Leasehold improvements	5-15 years
Equipment and furniture	5-15 years
Buildings and improvements	7-30 years
Land improvements	15 years

DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Outflows of Resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The Town has no items that meet this criterion. In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Inflows of Resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The Town has two items that meet the criterion for this category – property taxes receivable and prepaid taxes.

REIMBURSEMENTS FOR PANDEMIC-RELATED EXPENDITURES

In fiscal year 2020/2021, the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) established the Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds to support urgent COVID-19 response efforts and to replace lost revenue for eligible state, local territorial, and tribal governments. The Town was awarded \$267,197 in American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds to be paid in two equal installments. The first tranche of \$133,598 was received by the Town in August 2021. The second tranche of the same amount was received in July 2022. The Town plans to use the funds for revenue replacement by supplanting salaries, meet the grantor requirements of encumbering costs by December 31, 2024, and have all funds fully expended by December 31, 2026. Unassigned grant proceeds of \$2,299 are included in unearned revenues in the governmental funds and in liabilities payable from restricted assets in the government-wide financial statements as of June 30, 2022.

LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in governmental activities. In the fund financial statements for government fund types, the face amount of debt issued is reported as an other financing source.

COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The Town has only part-time employees and does not provide vacation or sick pay; therefore, no provision for compensated absences has been made.

NET POSITION/FUND BALANCES

NET POSITION:

Net position in government-wide financial statements is classified as net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted. Restricted net position represents constraints on resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through State statute.

FUND BALANCES:

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of five classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Nonspendable Fund Balance - This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

<u>Prepaid expenditures</u> - portion of fund balance that is not an available resource because it represents the year-end balance of prepaid expenses, which are not spendable resources.

Restricted Fund Balance - This classification includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law.

Restricted for Stabilization by State statute - North Carolina G.S. 159-8 prohibits units of government from budgeting or spending a portion of their fund balance. This is one of several statutes enacted by the North Carolina State Legislature in the 1930's designed to improve and maintain the fiscal health of local government units. Restricted by State statute (RSS) is calculated at the end of each fiscal year for all annually budgeted funds. The calculation in G.S. 159-8(a) provides a formula for determining what portion of fund balance is available for appropriation. The amount of fund balance not available for appropriation is what is known as "restricted by State statute". Appropriated fund balance in any fund shall not exceed the sum of cash and investments minus the sum of liabilities, encumbrances, and deferred revenues arising from cash receipts, as those figures stand at the close of the fiscal year next preceding the budget year. Per GASB guidance, RSS is considered a resource upon which a restriction is "imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation". RSS is reduced by inventories and prepaids as they are classified as nonspendable. RSS is included as a component of restricted fund balance on the Balance Sheet and restricted net position on the Statement of Net Position.

<u>Restricted for capital projects</u> - portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for certain capital project expenditures.

Committed Fund Balance - portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes imposed by majority vote by quorum of Town of Fairview's governing body (highest level of decision-making authority). The governing body can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation. The Town does not have any committed fund balance this fiscal year.

Assigned Fund Balance - portion of fund balance that the Town intends to use for specific purposes.

<u>Subsequent year's expenditures</u> - portion of fund balance that is appropriated in the next year's budget that is not already classified in restricted or committed. The governing body approves the appropriation. The Town does not have any assigned fund balance this fiscal year.

Unassigned Fund Balance - portion of fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes or other funds.

For purposes of fund balance classification, expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed in-order by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and lastly unassigned fund balance. The Town has not adopted a minimum fund balance policy, but follows the State Treasurer's guidance.

DEFINED BENEFIT COST-SHARING PLANS

The Town's employees do not participate in the State retirement plan.

NOTE 2 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. ASSETS

DEPOSITS

All the deposits of the Town are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits that exceed the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the Town's agents in the Town's name. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the Town, these deposits are considered to be held by the Town's agents in the Town's name. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interest bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the Town or the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amounts of collateral pledged for the Town under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for under-collateralization. This risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method. The Town has no formal policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits, but relies on the State Treasurer to enforce standards of minimum capitalization for all Pooling Method financial institutions and to monitor them for compliance. The Town complies with the provisions of G.S. 159-31 when designating official depositories and verifying that deposits are properly secured.

At June 30, 2022, the Town's deposits had a carrying amount of \$741,751 and a bank balance of \$742,399. Of the bank balance, \$250,000 was covered by federal depository insurance, and the remainder was covered by collateral held under the Pooling Method. At June 30, 2022, the Town's bank balances exceeded federally insured limits by \$492,399.

INVESTMENTS

At June 30, 2022, the Town's investments consisted of \$1,064 invested with the North Carolina Capital Management Trust's Government Portfolio which carried a credit rating of AAAm by Standard and Poor's. The Town has no formal policy regarding credit risk of its investments.

RECEIVABLES

Virtually all ad valorem taxes and accounts receivable are collected, and accordingly, allowances for doubtful accounts are not considered material or necessary.

CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2022, was as follows:

	Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 744,435	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 744,435
Construction in progress		8,123		8,123
	744,435	8,123	-	752,558
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Land improvements	7,400	_	-	7,400
Buildings and improvements	1,319,080	150,661	_	1,469,741
Leasehold improvements	27,486	_	-	27,486
Office furniture and equipment	11,772	-	-	11,772
Park equipment	148,928	3,955		152,883
	1,514,666	154,616		1,669,282
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Land improvements	1,158	494	_	1,652
Buildings and improvements	318,920	80,141	_	399,061
Leasehold improvements	12,745	5,163	-	17,908
Office furniture and equipment	11,488	113	-	11,601
Park equipment	63,763	15,540		79,303
	408,074	101,451	-	509,525
	1,106,592			1,159,757
Governmental activities				
capital assets, net	<u>\$ 1,851,027</u>			\$ 1,912,315

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental departments as follows:

General government	\$ 13,333
Culture and recreation	 88,118
	\$ 101,451

B. LIABILITIES

DEFERRED OUTFLOWS AND INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

Deferred inflows of resources at year-end as disclosed in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet are comprised of the following:

Taxes receivable	\$ 1,375
Prepaid taxes	 41
•	\$ 1,416

RISK MANAGEMENT

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town participates in an insurance pool administered by the Interlocal Risk Financing Fund of North Carolina. Through this pool, the Town obtains general liability and auto liability coverage of \$5 million per occurrence, and property coverage up to the total insurance values of the property policy.

The Town carries commercial insurance for workers' compensation coverage and all other risks of loss. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage in the prior year, and settled claims have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The Town participates in the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP). NFIP is managed by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) and enables homeowners and businesses in participating communities to purchase federally backed flood insurance.

In accordance with G.S. 159-29, the Town's employees that have access to \$100 or more at any given time of the Town's funds are performance bonded through a commercial surety bond. The finance officer and the tax collector/land use administrator are bonded for \$50,000 and \$10,000, respectively. The Town also has a blanket bond for \$20,000.

COMMITMENTS

Town of Fairview entered into an interlocal agreement dated February 20, 2011. Under this agreement, the Town, Union County, and one other municipality are obligated to equally pay for any operating deficit incurred by Piedmont Collection Site. The municipalities are only liable for up to \$8,000 each per fiscal year. The municipalities agreed to pay for the operating deficit in order to keep the landfill open. This agreement automatically renews for successive annual terms.

The Town has entered into a contract to update the Town's original park master plan. The remaining balance on this commitment totaled \$16,877.

CLAIMS AND JUDGMENTS

The Town is and may be subject to various lawsuits. In the opinion of the Town's management and the Town's attorney, the ultimate impact of any of these legal matters will not materially affect the Town's financial position.

LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Installment purchase

In November, 2018, the Town entered into a direct borrowing installment purchase contract with two individuals to finance the purchase of real estate. The financing contract requires 15 annual payments of \$40,000 plus interest at 3.9%. The loan is secured by a deed of trust. In the event of default all remaining principal and interest accrued thereon will be due and payable.

\$ 480,000

Annual debt service payments of the installment purchase as of June 30, 2022, including \$121,680 of interest, are as follows:

Year Ending	Government	Governmental Activities			
June 30,	Principal	Interest			
2023	\$ 40,000	\$ 18,720			
2024	40,000	17,160			
2025	40,000	15,600			
2026	40,000	14,040			
2027	40,000	12,480			
2028-2032	200,000	39,000			
2033-2034	80,000	4,680			
	\$ 480,000	\$ 121,680			

CHANGES IN LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The following is a summary of changes in the Town's long-term obligations for the year ended June 30, 2022:

					Due
	Balance			Balance	Within
	July 1, 2021	Increases	Decreases	June 30, 2022	One Year
Governmental activities:					
Direct borrowing installment					
purchase	\$ 520,000	\$ -	\$ 40,000	\$ 480,000	\$ 40,000

At June 30, 2022, Town of Fairview had a legal debt margin of \$49,115,939.

NOTE 3 - INTERFUND BALANCES AND ACTIVITY

Transfers are used to move monies to finance various programs that the government must account for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations. Transfers at June 30, 2022, consisted of \$131,426 transferred from the ARPA Grant Project Fund to the General Fund for revenue replacement.

NOTE 4 – JOINT VENTURES

Charlotte Regional Transportation Planning Organization

The Town participates in a joint venture, Charlotte Regional Transportation Planning Organization (CRTPO), with 29 other jurisdictions in Iredell, Mecklenburg, and Union counties to work cooperatively with each other and the North Carolina Department of Transportation to enhance transportation planning opportunities for the region. CRTPO is one of the four MPO's and one RPO that make up the Charlotte Regional Alliance for Transportation. The Charlotte-Mecklenburg Planning Department is the lead planning agency for CRTPO. None of the participating governments have any equity interest in CRTPO, so no equity interest has been reflected in the financial statements at June 30, 2022. In accordance with the agreement between the participating governments and CRTPO, the Town paid \$1,439 to the CRTPO during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, for membership dues. Complete financial statements for CRTPO may be obtained from CRTPO's office at 600 E. Fourth Street, 8th Floor, Charlotte, North Carolina 28202-2853.

NOTE 5 – SUMMARY DISCLOSURE OF SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENCIES

FEDERAL AND STATE ASSISTED PROGRAMS

The Town has received proceeds from several federal and State grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant monies to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant monies.

INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

TOWN OF FAIRVIEW, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Exhibit A-1 Page 1 of 3

REVENUES	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Ad valorem taxes:			
Taxes	\$ 122,000	\$ 128,328	\$ 6,328
Penalties and interest	<u>-</u>	985	985
Total	122,000	129,313	7,313
Unrestricted intergovernmental:			
Local option sales taxes	38,300	41,609	3,309
Beer and wine tax	13,500	13,743	243
Utilities sales tax	122,500	108,550	(13,950)
Telecommunications sales tax	-	14,250	14,250
Piped natural gas sales tax	-	667	667
Video franchise fee		6,607	6,607
Total	174,300	185,426	11,126
Permits and fees:			
Zoning fees and permits	16,000	17,595	1,595
Sales and services:			
Rental house income	12,500	13,860	1,360
Park rental income	2,800	3,000	200
Farm land rental	2,100	2,100	
Total	17,400	18,960	1,560
Investment earnings		613	613
Miscellaneous		12,055	12,055
TOTAL REVENUES	329,700	363,962	34,262

TOWN OF FAIRVIEW, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Exhibit A-1 Page 2 of 3

			Variance
	Final		Positive
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
EXPENDITURES			
General government:			
Advertising	1,000	649	351
Audit fees	8,730	8,660	70
Bank service charges	1,250	989	261
Collection fees - ad valorem	2,400	2,146	254
Computer and internet	11,800	11,045	755
Dues and subscriptions	6,000	5,931	69
Elections expense	3,500	3,435	65
Grants	2,000	1,000	1,000
Insurance	6,550	6,366	184
Legal fees	9,000	7,539	1,461
Miscellaneous	1,000	170	830
Office supplies	16,000	15,041	959
Office utilities	4,000	3,401	599
Payroll expense	43,700	43,097	603
Payroll taxes	8,650	7,654	996
Professional fees	3,000	2,036	964
Repairs and maintenance	5,000	4,144	856
Telephone	1,400	1,237	163
Town Hall capital outlay	146,000	127,500	18,500
Training	500	310	190
Travel	400	32	368
Total	281,880	252,382	29,498
Public safety:			
Fire:			
Operating expenditures	3,000	2,444	556
Economic and physical development:			
Payroll expense	48,100	47,098	1,002
Environmental protection:			
Sanitation contracted services	8,000	8,000	

TOWN OF FAIRVIEW, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Exhibit A-1 Page 3 of 3

			Variance
	Final		Positive
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
EXPENDITURES - CONTINUED:			
Culture and recreation:			
Festival expense	20,000	19,090	910
Park capital outlay	4,000	3,955	45
Park maintenance	35,576	27,057	8,519
Park utilities	3,450	2,454	996
Payroll expense	11,400	10,401	999
Total	74,426	62,957	11,469
Debt service:			
Principal retirement	40,000	40,000	-
Interest and other charges	20,280	20,280	
Total	60,280	60,280	_
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	475,686	433,161	42,525
REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES	(145,986)	(69,199)	76,787
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers from other funds	103,300	131,426	28,126
REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(42,686)	62,227	104,913
APPROPRIATED FUND BALANCE	42,686		(42,686)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ -	62,227	\$ 62,227
FUND BALANCE, beginning		411,908	
FUND BALANCE, ending		\$ 474,135	

TOWN OF FAIRVIEW, NORTH CAROLINA ARPA GRANT PROJECT FUND

Exhibit B-1

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL From Inception and for the Year Ended June 30,2022

				Actual						Variance		
	Project		Prior		Current		Total to		Positive			
	Au	ıthorization		Years		Year		Date		(Negative)		
REVENUES												
Restricted intergovernmental:												
ARP/CSLRF funds	\$	267,197	\$		-	\$	131,299	\$	131,299	\$	(135,898)	
Interest earned							127	_	127	_	127	
TOTAL REVENUES	5	267,197			-		131,426		131,426		(135,771)	
OTHER FINANCING USES												
Transfer to General Fund		(267,197)	-			_	(131,426)	_	(131,426)	_	135,771	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	-	\$					\$	-	\$	-	
FUND BALANCE, beginning						_						
FUND BALANCE, ending	;					\$	-					

TOWN OF FAIRVIEW, NORTH CAROLINA TOWN PARK UPDATE CAPITAL PROJECT FUND

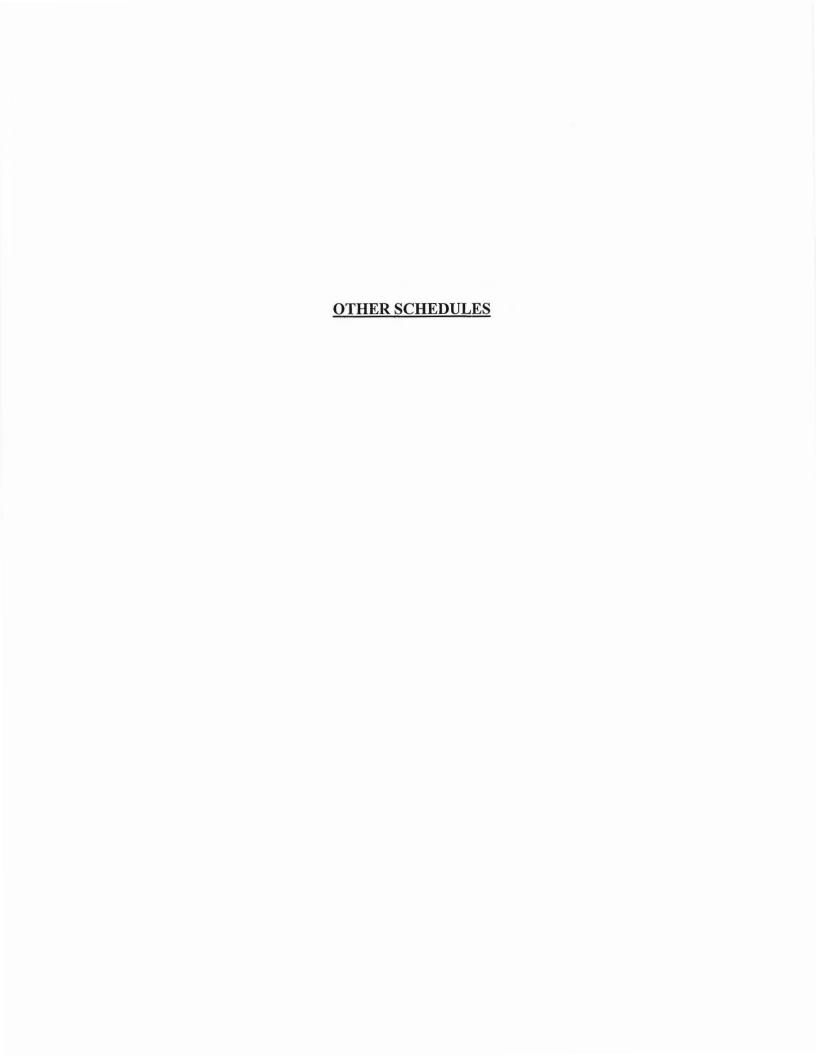
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL From Inception and for the Year Ended June 30, 2022

			_				Actual			V	ariance
	Project Authorization			Prior C		Current	Total to		F	ositive	
			_	Years			Year		Date		(Negative)
REVENUES											
Restricted intergovernmental:											
Grant proceeds	\$	250,000	\$		-	\$	250,000	\$	250,000	\$	-
Interest earned			_		_	_	210	_	210	_	210
TOTAL REVENUES		250,000			-		250,210		250,210		210
EXPENDITURES											
Capital outlay:		0.50 000					0.100		0.100		041.077
Design and park upgrade		250,000	_		_	_	8,123	_	8,123	_	241,877
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	-	\$		_		242,087	\$	242,087	\$	242,087
FUND BALANCE, beginning											
FUND BALANCE, ending						\$	242,087				

TOWN OF FAIRVIEW, NORTH CAROLINA TOWN HALL UPDATE CAPITAL PROJECT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALAN

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL From Inception and for the Year Ended June 30, 2022

					Actual					Variance	
]	Project]	Prior		Current		Total to		Positive	
	Aut	horization		ears	Year	Date		(Negative)			
REVENUES											
Restricted intergovernmental:											
Grant proceeds	\$	50,000	\$		\$	50,000	\$	50,000	\$	-	
Interest earned				-	_	33	_	33	_	33	
TOTAL REVENUES		50,000		-		50,033		50,033		33	
EXPENDITURES Capital outlay:											
Electrical, HVAC, and other upgrades	_	50,000			_	23,161	_	23,161	_	26,839	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	-	\$	-		26,872	\$	26,872	\$	26,872	
FUND BALANCE, beginning					_	-					
FUND BALANCE, ending					\$	26,872					

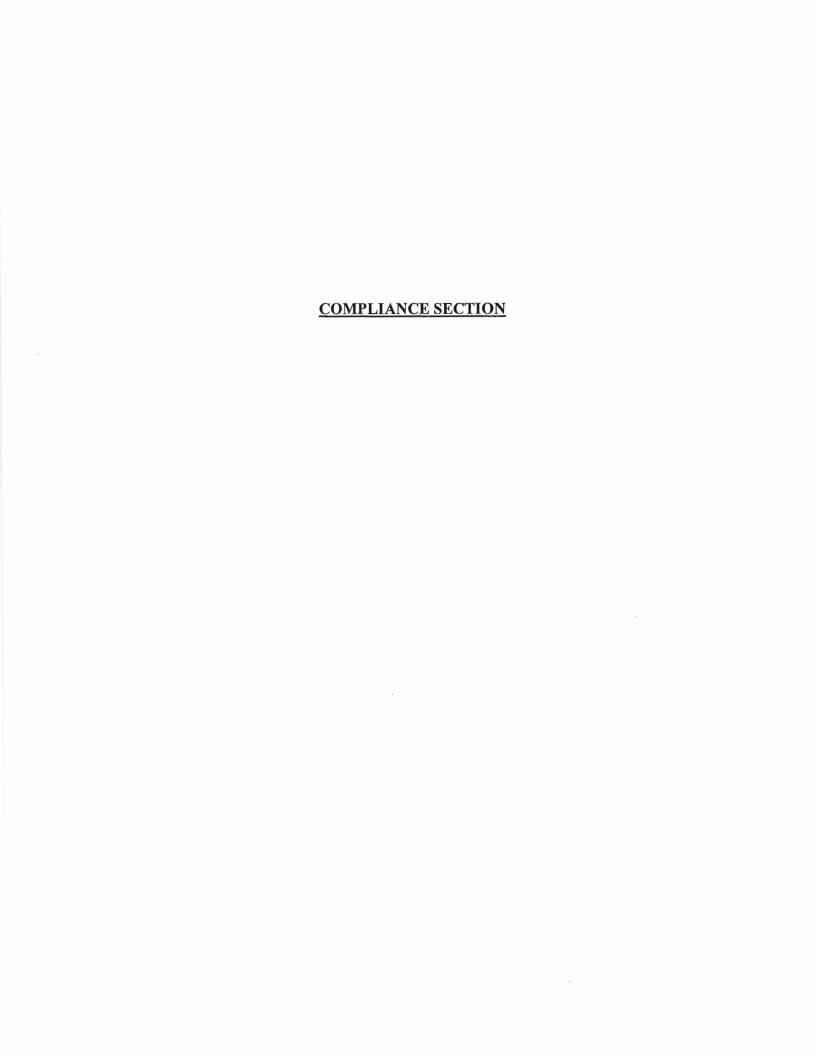


TOWN OF FAIRVIEW, NORTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF AD VALOREM TAXES RECEIVABLE June 30, 2022

Fiscal Year	Ва	Uncollected Balance Collections June 30, 2021 Additions and Credits					В	collected Balance e 30, 2022
2021-2022	\$	-	\$	125,315	\$	125,008	\$	307
2020-2021		180		1,062		1,163		79
2019-2020		356		1,061		1,032		385
2018-2019		362		1,022		981		403
2017-2018		81		78		37		122
2016-2017		48		-		35		13
2015-2016		17		1-1		10		7
2014-2015		42		-		21		21
2013-2014		41		-		21		20
2012-2013		39		-		21		18
2011-2012		48		-		48		-
	\$	1,214	\$	128,538	\$	128,377	\$	1,375
Reconcilement with 1	evenues:							
Ad Valorem Taxe	s - Gener	al Fund					\$	129,313
Reconciling items	:							
Interest collected	i							(985)
Collection of tax	es previo	ously writte	n off					-
Refunds								-
Taxes written of	f						_	49
				Total collec	tions a	and credits	\$	128,377

TOWN OF FAIRVIEW, NORTH CAROLINA ANALYSIS OF CURRENT TAX LEVY - TOWN-WIDE LEVY For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Total Levy			
	Te	Property Excluding			
	Property Valuation	 Rate	Amount of Levy	Registered Motor Vehicles	Registered Motor Vehicles
Original levy:	•				
Property taxed at current rate	\$ 619,347,237	\$ 0.02	\$123,869	\$112,058	\$ 11,811
Penalties and adjustments			1,328	1,328	
Total	619,347,237		125,197	113,386	11,811
Discoveries:					
Current year taxes	1,353,100	0.02	271	271	-
Penalties and adjustments			2	2	<u> </u>
	1,353,100		273	273	
Releases	(751,100)		(155)	(155)	
Total property valuation	\$ 619,949,237				
Net levy			125,315	113,504	11,811
Unpaid (by taxpayer) taxes at Jun	e 30, 2022		(307)	(307)	
Current year's taxes collected			\$125,008	\$113,197	<u>\$ 11,811</u>
Current levy collection percentage	e		99.76%	99.73%	100.00%



J. B. WATSON & CO., P.L.L.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

120 SOUTH RUTHERFORD STREET P. O. BOX 341 WADESBORO, N.C. 28170

JAMES F. HANNA, CPA DENEAL H. BENNETT, CPA J. DAVID BURNS, CPA TELEPHONE (704) 694-5174 FACSIMILE (704) 694-6970

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council Town of Fairview, North Carolina

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Town of Fairview, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Town of Fairview, North Carolina's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 18, 2022.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Town of Fairview, North Carolina's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Town of Fairview, North Carolina's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Town of Fairview, North Carolina's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described below, we identified a certain deficiency in internal control that we consider to be a material weakness.

Segregation of Duties:

In an organization such as Town of Fairview, North Carolina, with a limited number of personnel for certain functions, there are inherent limitations of the effectiveness of certain controls due to the lack of segregation of duties among the Town personnel. We, therefore, recommend the Town separate duties as much as possible and provide alternative controls, including involvement of the Town board with oversight and approvals, where feasible.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Town of Fairview, North Carolina's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Town of Fairview, North Carolina's Response to Finding

The Town agrees with the above noted finding and plans to alleviate the effects of the noted deficiency where feasible and cost effective. Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on Town of Fairview, North Carolina's response to the finding identified in our audit and described above. Town of Fairview, North Carolina's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Wadesboro, North Carolina

BWaston & G. DUC

November 18, 2022

TOWN OF FAIRVIEW, NORTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Federal	State/	Gr		Grant Funds Expend			
	Assistance	Pass-through	s-through Feder					
Grantor/Pass-Through	Listing Grantor's			s-through)		State		Local
Grantor/Program Title	Number	Number	Exp	enditures	Exp	penditures	tures Expend	
Cash Assistance:								
Federal Grants:								
U.S. Department of Treasury								
Passed-through the Office of State Budget and								
Management:								
N.C. Pandemic Recovery Office:								
Passed-through Union County:								
Coronavirus State and Local								
Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027	NC0149	\$	131,426	\$	-	\$	-
State Grants:								
N.C. Department of Commerce								
Rural Economic Development Division:								
State Appropriation	2022	2-068-1257-1913		-		23,161		-
Office of State Budget and Management								
State Capital Infrastructure Fund (SCIF)		10442				8,123		
State Capital infrastructure Fund (SCII)		10442	-			0,123	_	
Total assistance - State programs						21 204		
Total assistance - State programs						31,284	-	
Total assistance			\$	131,426	\$	31,284	\$	-

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards:

Note 1: Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal and State awards (SEFSA) includes the federal and State grant activity of Town of Fairview under the programs of the federal government and the State of North Carolina for the year ended June 30, 2022. Because the SEFSA presents only a selected portion of the operations of Town of Fairview, it is not intended to, and does not, present the financial position or changes in net position of Town of Fairview.

Note 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported in the SEFSA are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in OMB Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.